Uterine Fibroids 1/1

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Uterine Fibroids

Fibrome utérin : évaluation de l'acupuncture

1. Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analysis

☆:	☆☆	Evidence for effectiveness and a specific effect of acupuncture
☆:	☆	Evidence for effectiveness of acupuncture
☆		Limited evidence for effectiveness of acupuncture
Ø		No evidence or insufficient evidence

1.1. Ren 2023

Ren Y, Zhang J, Wu W, Yuan Y, Wang J, Tang Y, Liao Y, Liu X. Should acupuncture become a complementary therapy in the treatment of uterine fibroid: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. Front Med (Lausanne). 2023 Dec 13;10:1268220. https://doi.org/10.3389/fmed.2023.1268220

Backgound	Uterine fibroids (UFs) are the most common benign tumors in women of reproductive age. The most effective treatment is myomectomy, but there is no long-term or low-invasive treatment option exists. Acupuncture can be used to treat UFs in a variety of ways. However, there is no meta-analytic synthesis including valid data that explored the efficacy of acupuncture for UFs.
Objective	To assess the efficacy and safety of acupuncture for treating UFs.
Methods	The PRISMA 2020 checklist was used. We identified and extracted the trials through may 2023 from six databases. The quality of the trials was assessed using the risk of bias (2.0). Meta-analysis was performed using RevMan 5.4 software, and it was synthesized using the random-effects model if the included studies were in high heterogeneity. Subgroup and sensitivity analysis were used if necessary.
Results	A total of 1,035 trials were identified, of which 11 were included in the review and meta-analysis. In terms of acupuncture scheme design and fibroid-related symptoms, the trials are highly heterogeneous. All 11 trials have reported acupuncture types, with traditional acupuncture and electroacupuncture being the more representative subgroups. A qualitative review of existing evidence shows that acupuncture has no serious adverse reaction on UFs. Meta-analysis shows that acupuncture can effectively reduce the volume of UFs (MD - 3.89, 95% Cl - 5.23 to - 2.56, P < 0.00001) or uterine volume (MD - 16.22, 95% Cl - 19.89 To - 12.55, p < 0.00001), reduce the score of fibroid symptoms (MD - 3.03, 95% Cl - 3.45 to - 2.60, p < 0.00001), improve the treatment efficiency (RR: 0.19, 95% Cl: 0.13 to 0.25, p < 0.00001), and likely do not affect the estrogen level.

1.2. Zhang 2010 Ø

Zhang Y, Peng W, Clarke J, Liu Z. Acupuncture for uterine fibroids. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2010. [155404].

Uterine Fibroids 2/2

Background	Uterine fibroids (UFs) are benign growths within the uterine muscle and are present in 30% of women during their reproductive years. With the exception of hysterectomy, there are no effective medical and surgical treatments for women with uterine fibroids. Acupuncture is an ancient Chinese method which has been used for both the prevention and treatment of diseases for over three thousand years. There are many types of acupuncture used to manage UFs, with body acupuncture being the most commonly used. The literature reporting the benefits or harms of acupuncture for the management of UFs has not yet been systematically reviewed.
Objectives	To assess the benefits and harms of acupuncture in women with uterine fibroids.
Methods	Search strategy: The following electronic databases were searched 21st May 2009: the Cochrane Central Register of Controlled Trials (CENTRAL); MEDLINE; EMBASE; AMED; the Menstrual Disorders and Subfertility Group's Specialised Register of Trials; Chinese Biomedical Literature Database (CBM); Traditional Chinese Medical Literature Analysis and Retrieval System (TCMLARS); Chinese Medical Current Contents (CMCC) and China National Knowledge Infrastructure(CNKI). Citation lists, experts in the field and grey literature were also referred to. No restrictions such as language were applied. Selection criteria: All randomised controlled trials (RCTs) comparing acupuncture management with placebo acupuncture, no management, Chinese medication, Western medication or other managements of uterine fibroids were considered for inclusion. Acupuncture management included either traditional acupuncture or contemporary acupuncture, regardless of the source of stimulation (for example, body, electro, scalp, elongated, fire, hand, fine needle, moxibustion). Acupuncture management without needling was excluded. Data collection and analysis: Two review authors assessed trial risk of bias according to our a priori criteria. No trials were included in this version of the review, therefore no data was collected.
Main results	No randomized double-blind controlled trials met the inclusion criteria .
Authors' conclusions	The effectiveness of acupuncture for the management of uterine fibroids remains uncertain. More evidence is required to establish the efficacy and safety of acupuncture for uterine fibroids. There is a continued need for well designed RCTs with long term follow up.

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Last update: **01 Jan 2024 16:42**

